

Implementation of a multi-axial loading path material characterization system

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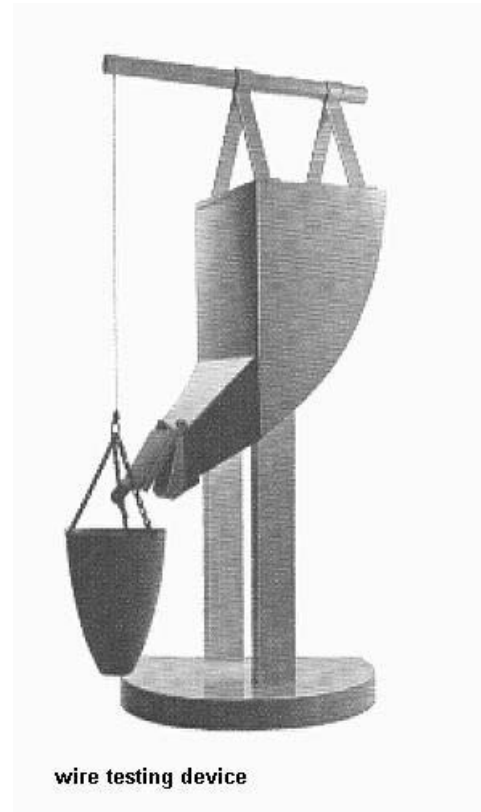
Objectives

- Point out that structural material characterization has not changed in principle in 500 years
- Demonstrate that a need exists for alternative methods for material characterization
- Provide overview of the methodology
- Show results through examples

The Beginnings of Mechanics

- Leonardo da Vinci (1452-1519)

"Testing the Strength of Iron Wire of Various Lengths"



Timoshenko, "History of Strength of Materials"

The Beginnings of Mechanics

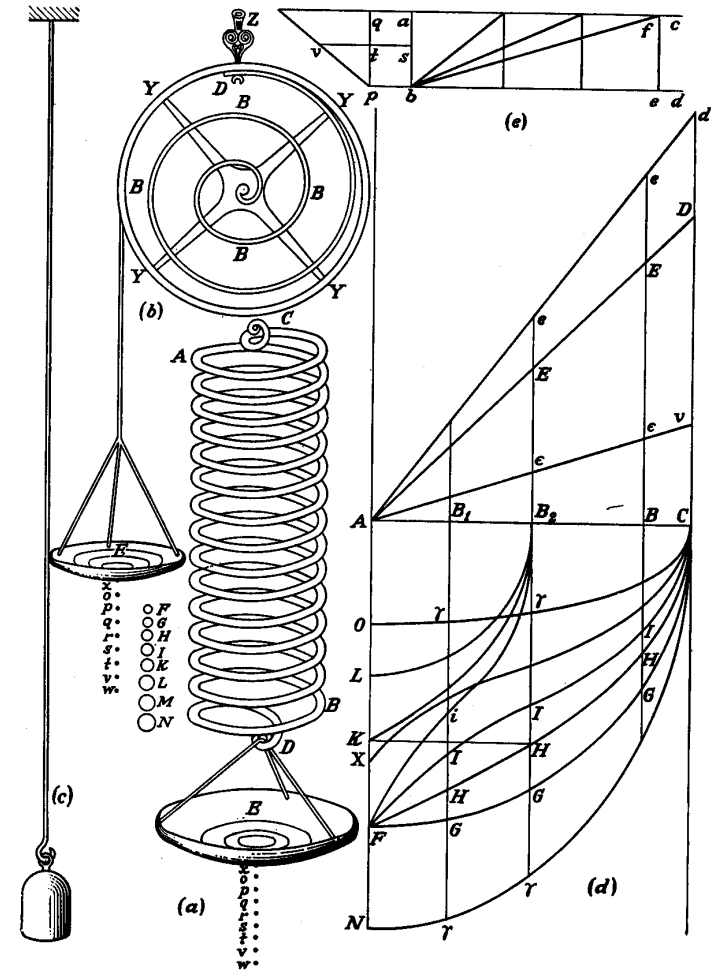
Robert Hooke (1635-1703)

Hooke's Law



William Oughtred (1632)

Invented the logarithmic slide rule

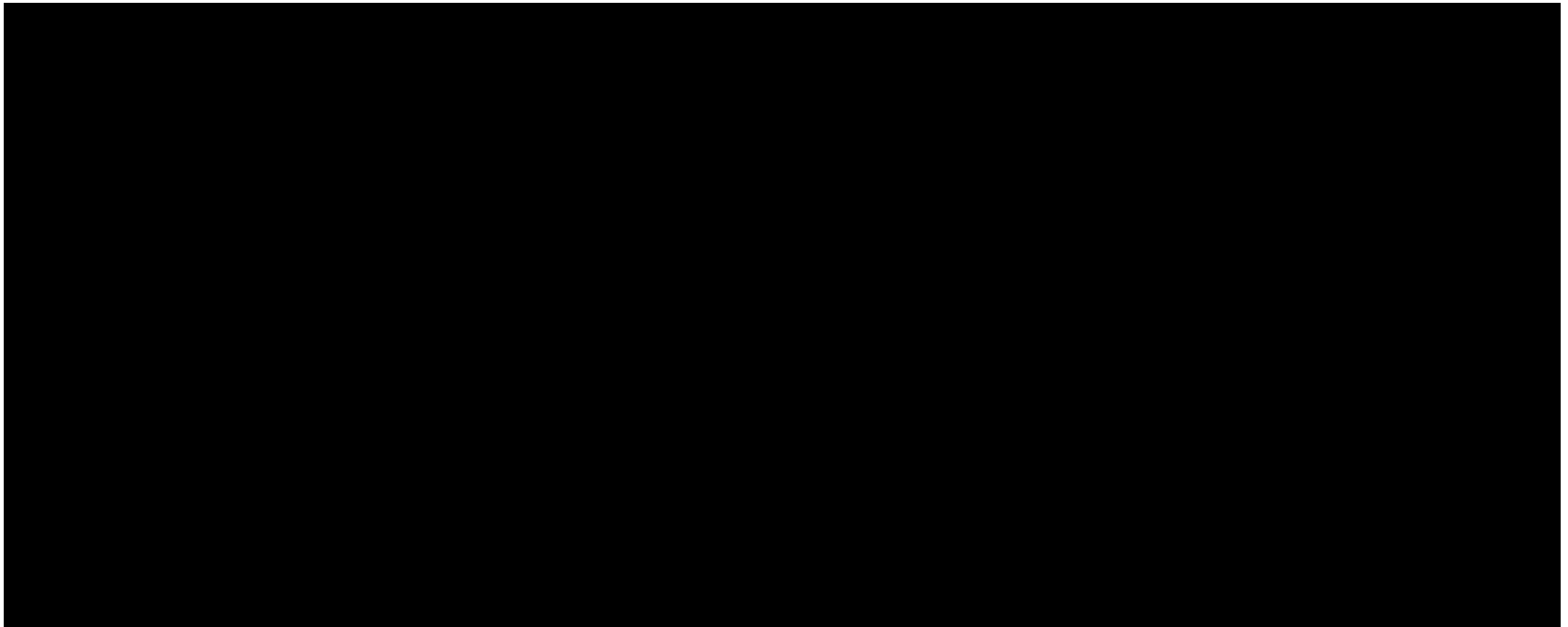


Timoshenko, "History of Strength of Materials"

The Beginnings of Mechanics

Cauchy (1789-1857)

Generalized Hooke's Law



Timoshenko, "History of Strength of Materials"

Operational Philosophy

- Why change?
- Science “Push” vs Industry “Pull”
- Computational power of the computer
- Resistance to change
- Standards Organizations (ASTM etc)
- Building Codes
- End users
- Academic Scientific Method

Operational Philosophy

- Industry Pull
- Realistic Systemic Simulation/ Prediction
- Inexpensive Material Qualification/Certification
- Quick Material Insertion
- Rapid Prototyping and Production

Operational Philosophy

- Technology Pull
- Computational Technology
- Automation
- Computational Symbolic Math
- Automated Software Synthesis

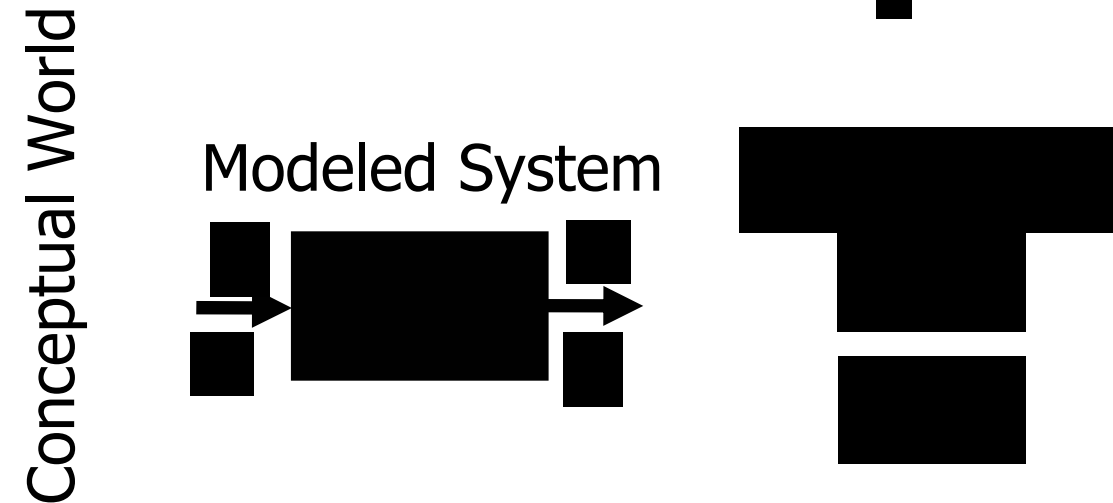
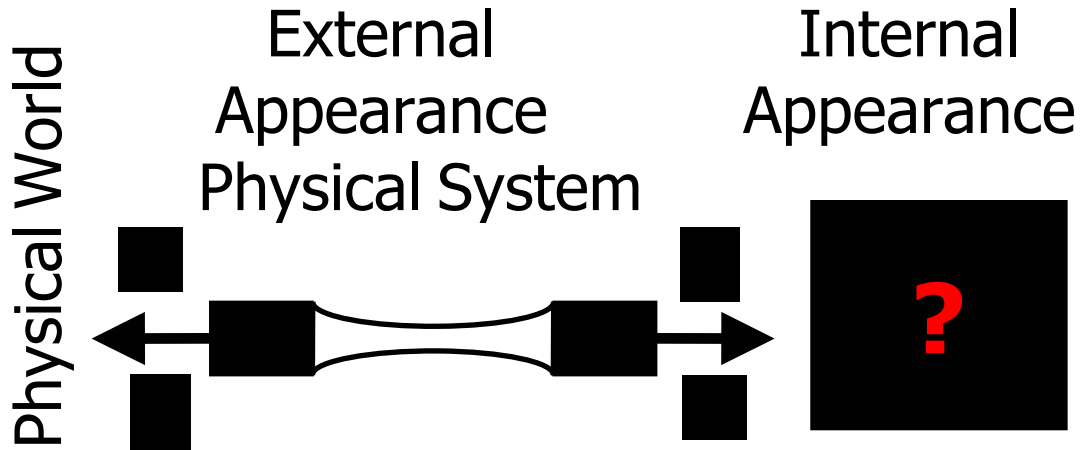
Operational Philosophy

- Producers view:
- Rapid and inexpensive characterization of new materials
- Utilization of existing material behavior databases constructed from massive automated testing
- Automated synthesis of material behavior theories and finite element models for structures of interest
- Studies of material/structural behavior as a function of operational system requirements

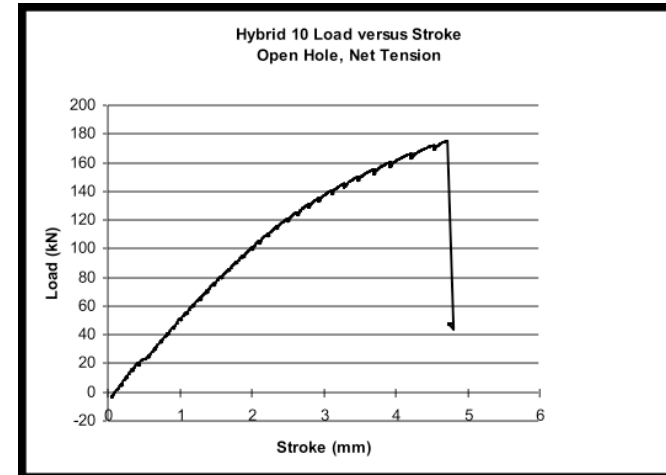
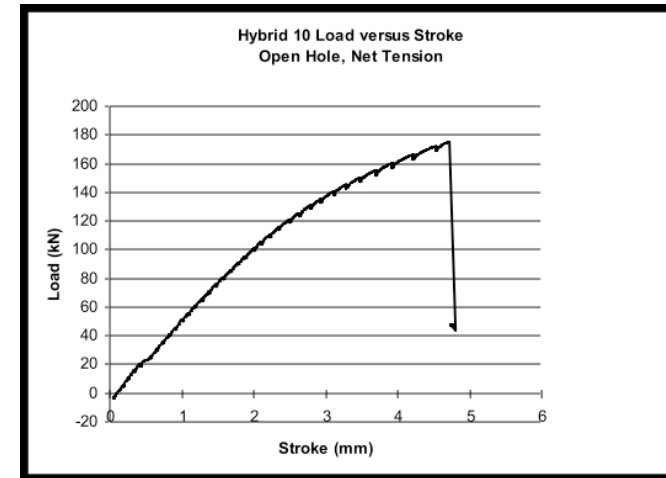
Operational Philosophy

- Measure first, then Model
(Data driven Modeling)
- Interpolate, NOT Extrapolate
- Locally flat Parameter Spaces
(Continuity of parameters)
- Work only with commonly
accepted composition rules
- Automate, then Apply

Physical System Identification



Behavior
Appearance



Physical System Identification

- Axioms of Enrichment:
- The Axiom of Continuous Behavior
- The Axiom of Composition Behavior
- The Axiom of Zero Order of Reality

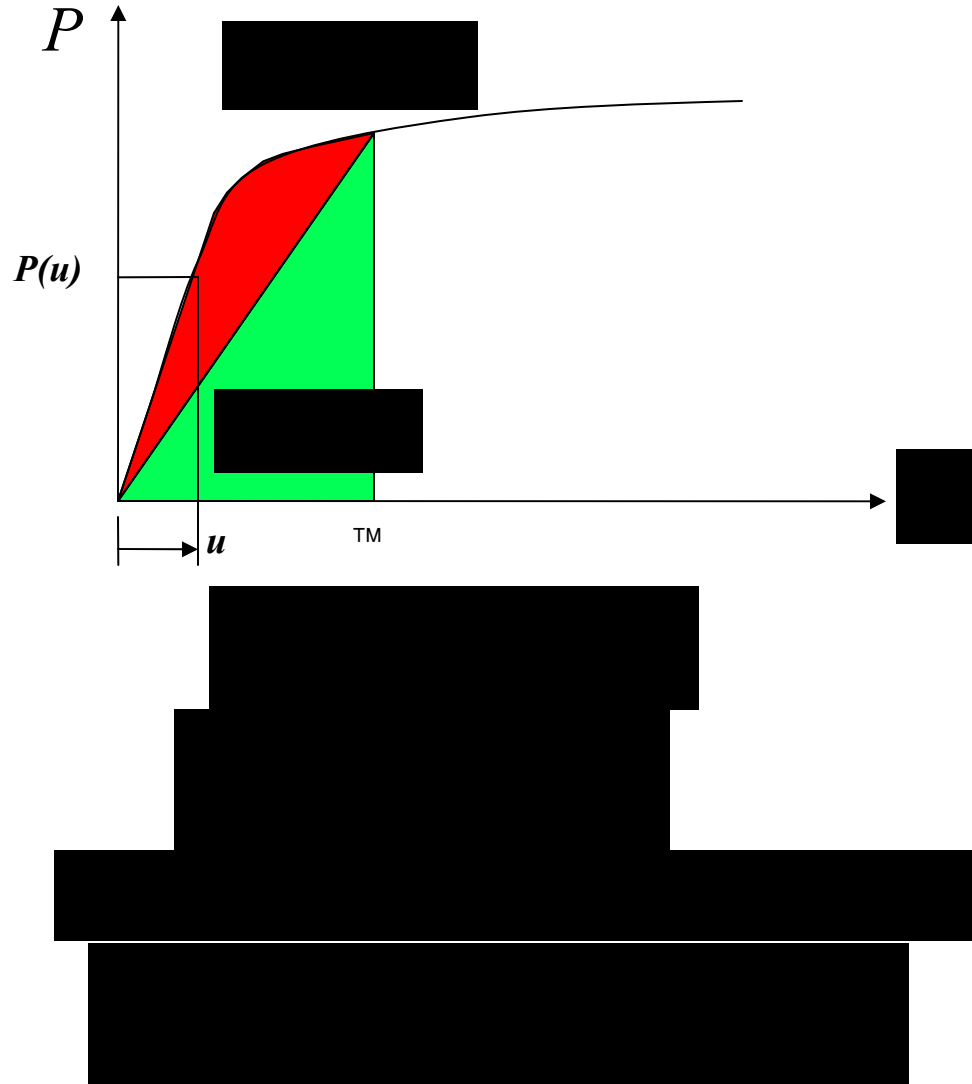
Physical System Identification



Physical System Identification

- “Mechanics is the paradise of mathematical science because here we come to the fruits of mathematics.”
- Leonardo da Vinci

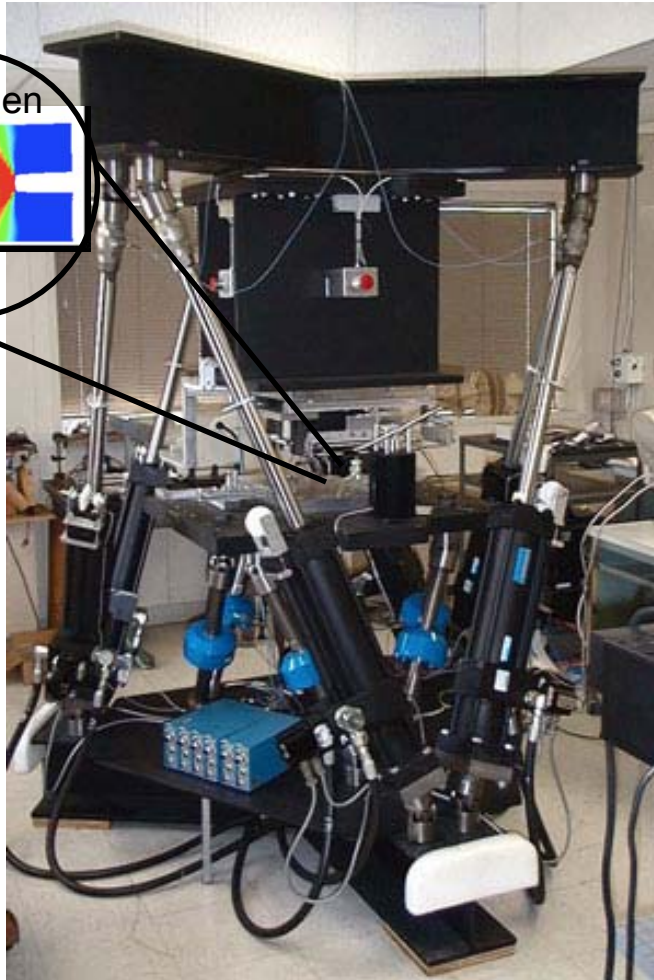
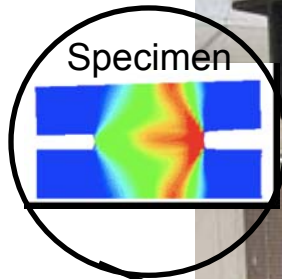
Physical System Identification



Physical System Identification

General Case and Planar Mode:

3 displacements + 3 rotations + 3 forces + 3 moments + $N_p \times 6$ strains + $N_p \times N_f = 12 + (6 + N_f) \times N_p$ Datastreams



FPL & NRL's Automated 6-D Loader

Special Case: In-Plane Mode

2 displacements + 1 rotation = 3 DOFs = 6 Datastreams

DATA ACQUISITION
& CONTROL

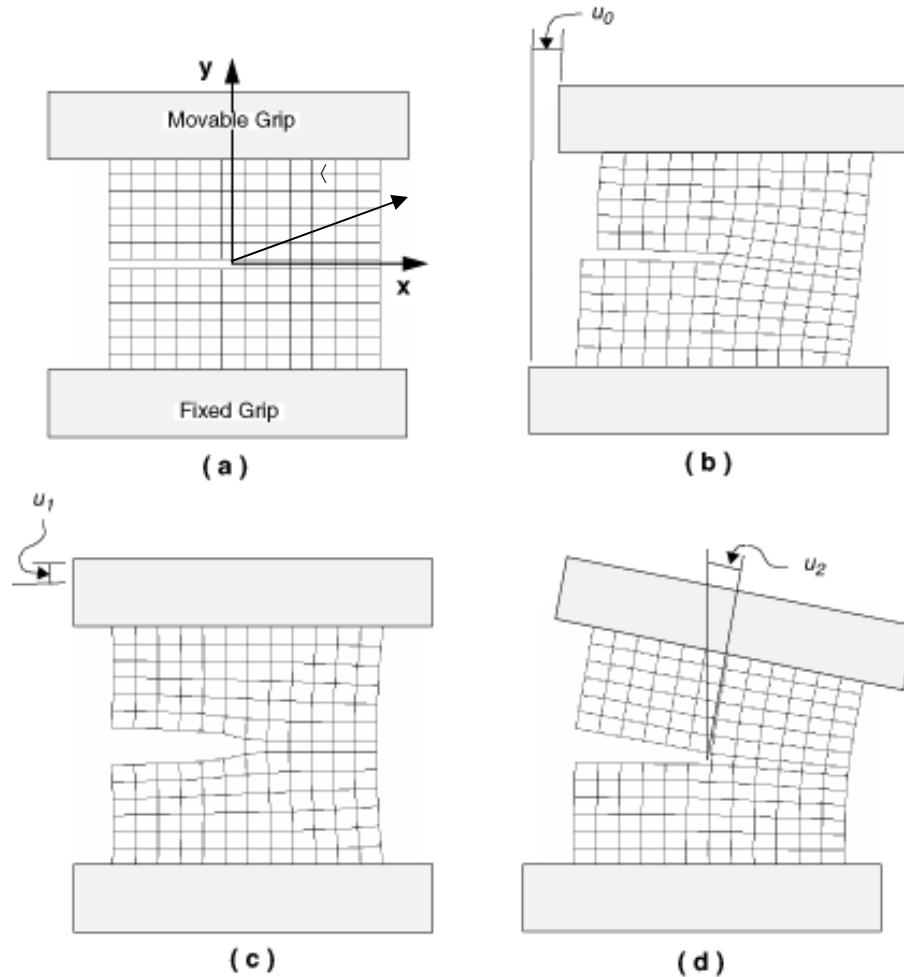
COMPUTE COEFFICIENTS OF ■ THAT MINIMIZE
THE SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS DERIVED FROM
THE ENERGY BALANCE:

$$\int_0^M t_u q_v dq^v - \frac{1}{2} t_u u_i u^i + Q = \int_{\partial V} \phi(\epsilon_i(x_j), f_k(x_j)) dx_j$$

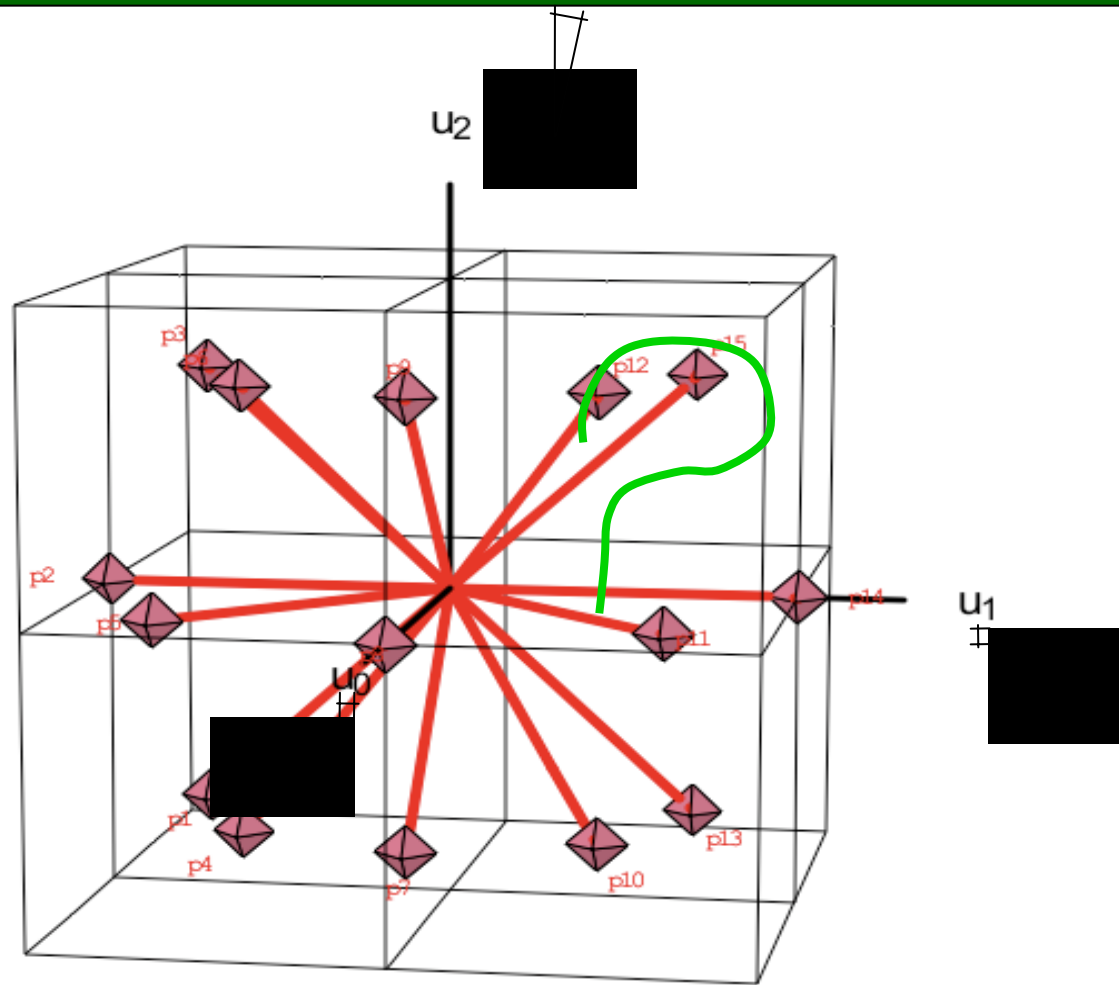
STORE MEASURED COEFFICIENTS
OF (DISSIPATED ENERGY DENSITY)
IN DATA BASE

Physical System Identification

Systematic Material Identification, 3 DOF Motions:

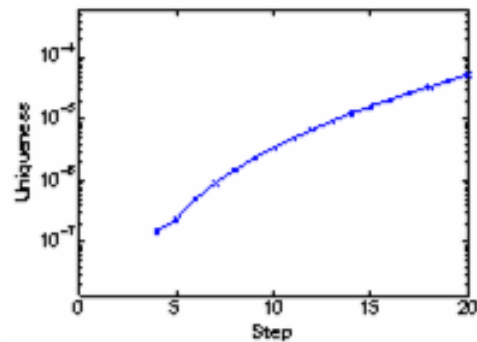
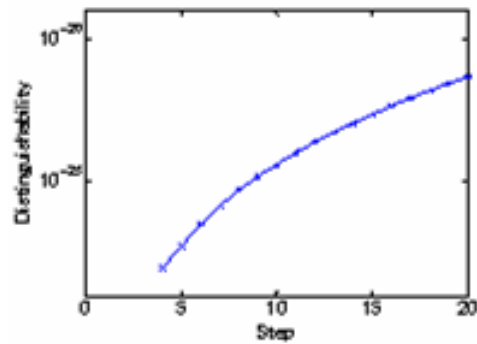
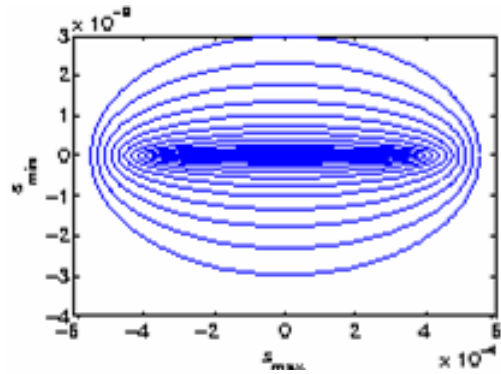


Physical System Identification

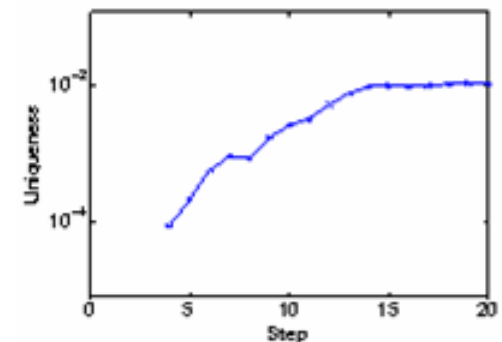
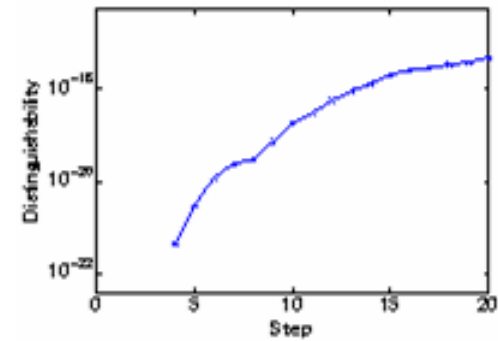
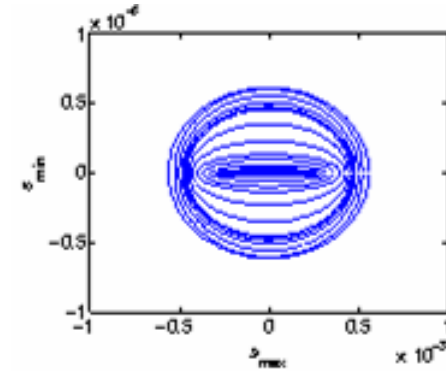


Physical System Identification

Proportional Path

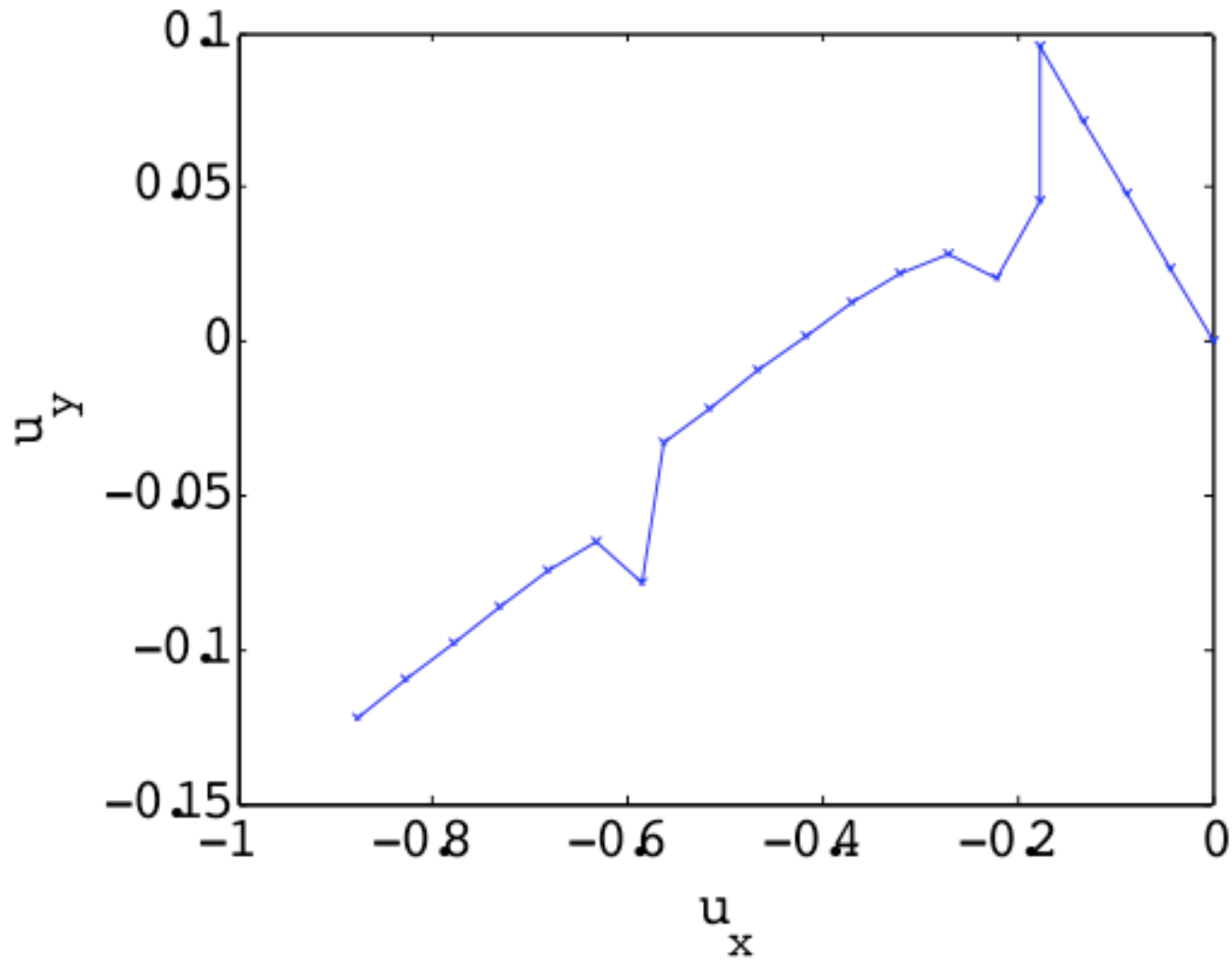


Winding Path



Physical System Identification

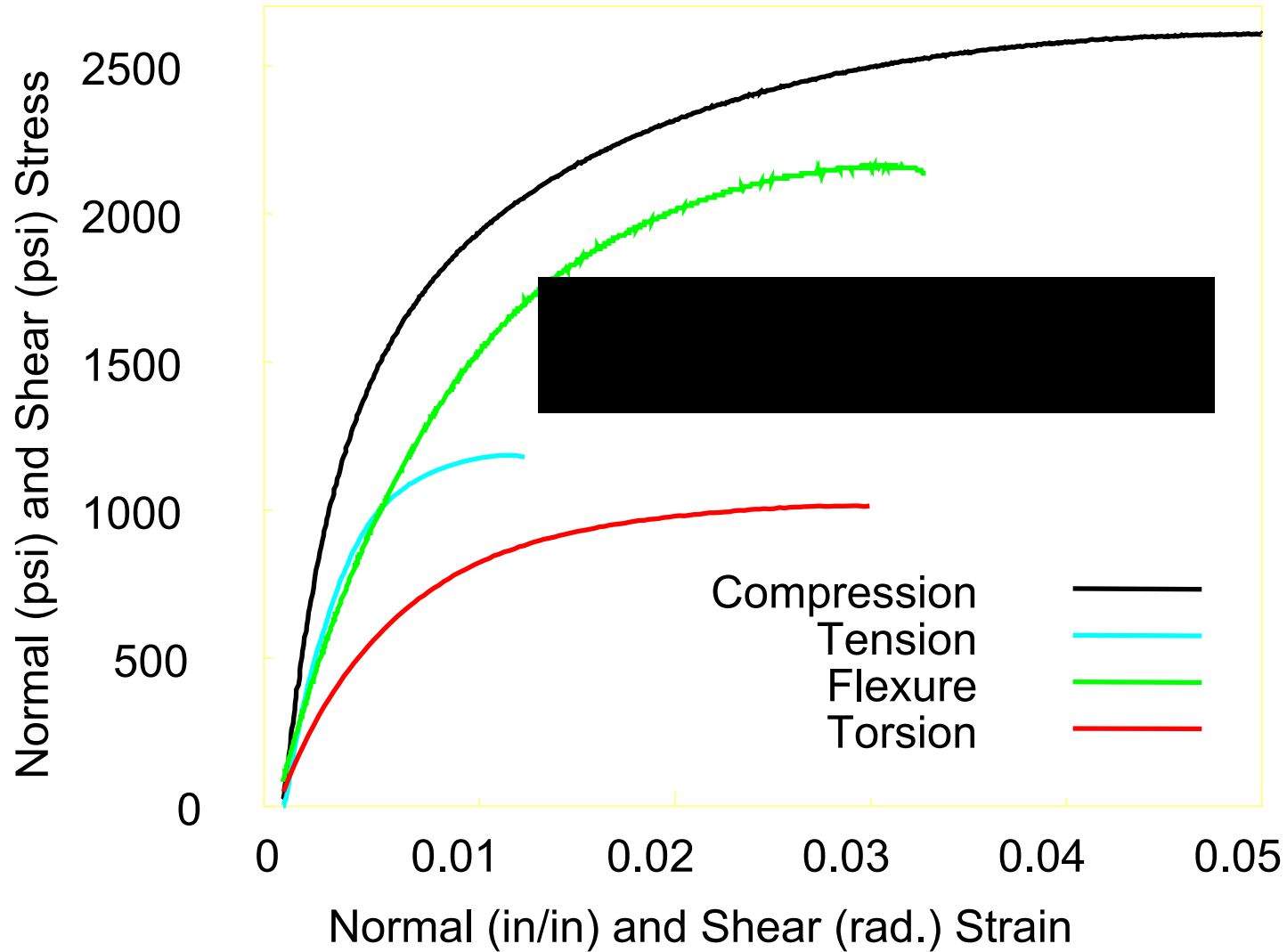
Optimal Solution:



Wood-Plastic Composites



Wood-Plastic Composites

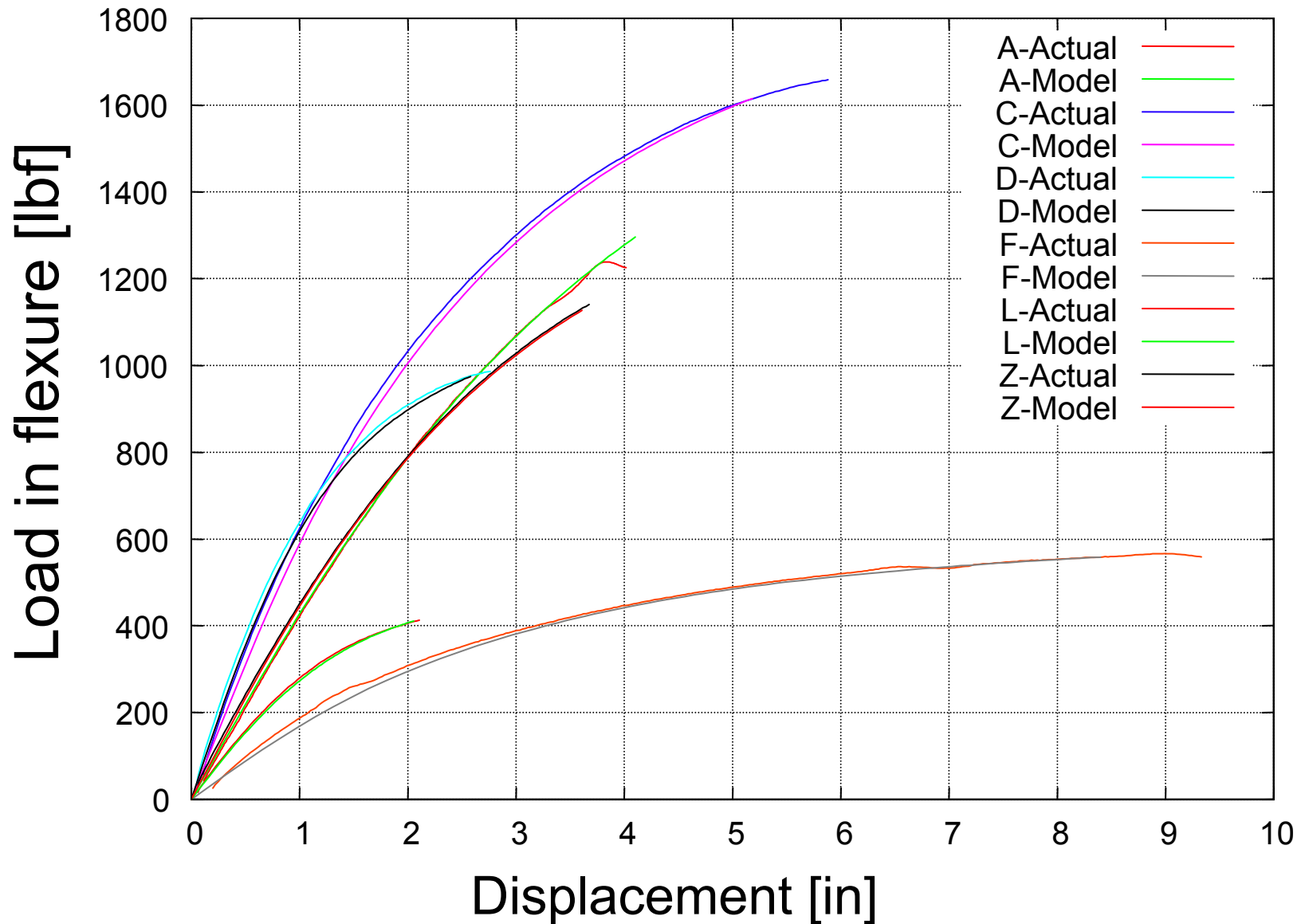


Wood-Plastic Composites

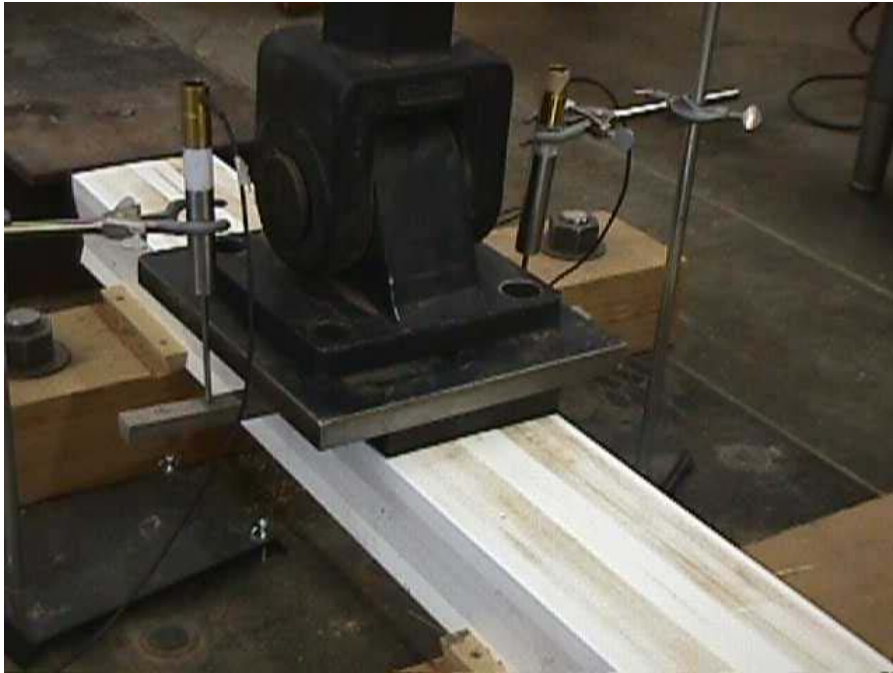
Profile	E_f Actual (psi)	E_f Predicted (psi)	⊗%
ASTM	311000	319000	2.6
Box	182000	179000	-1.6



Wood Plastic Composites



Wood-Plastic Composites

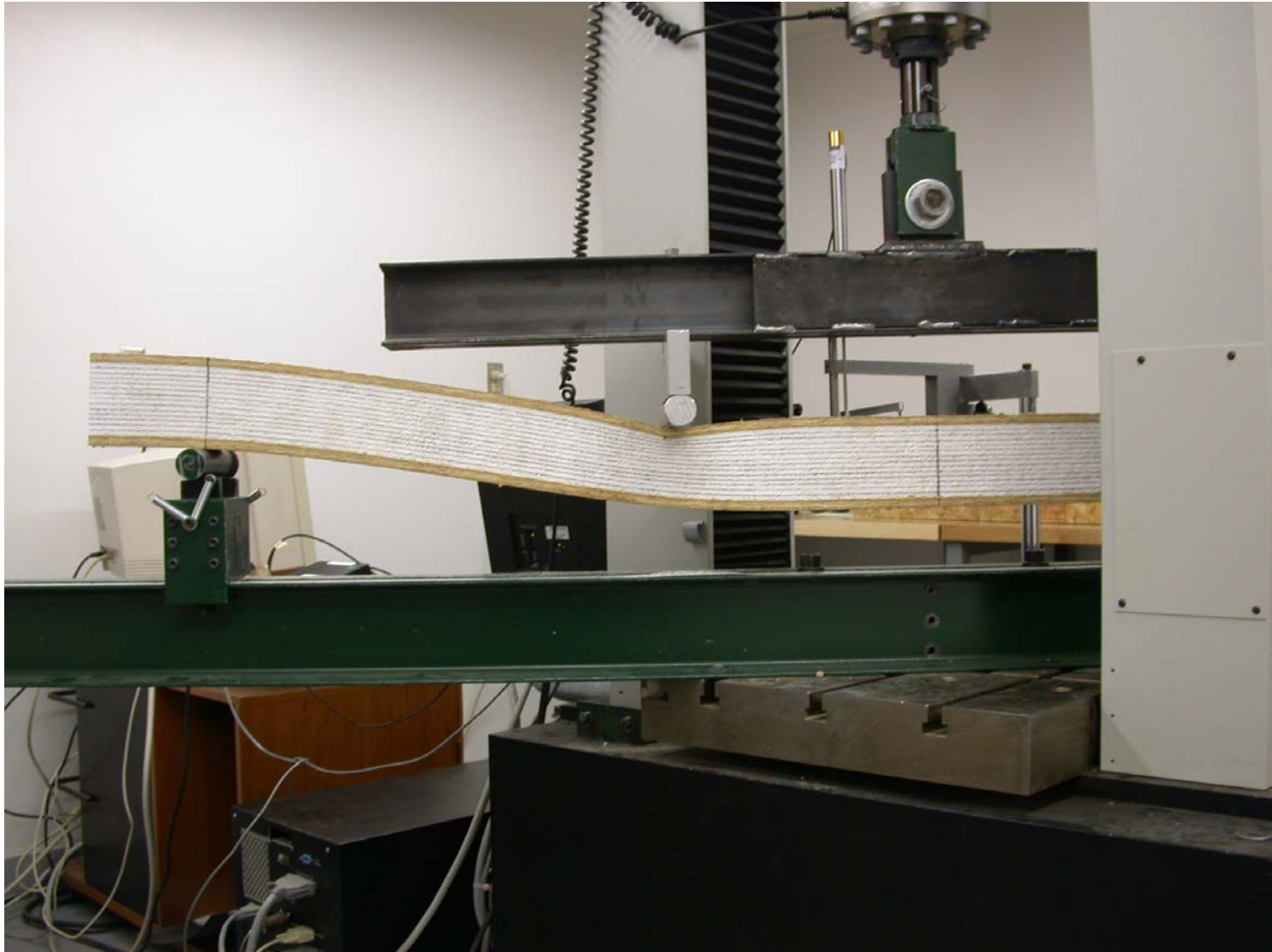


Design Load =
20000 lbs

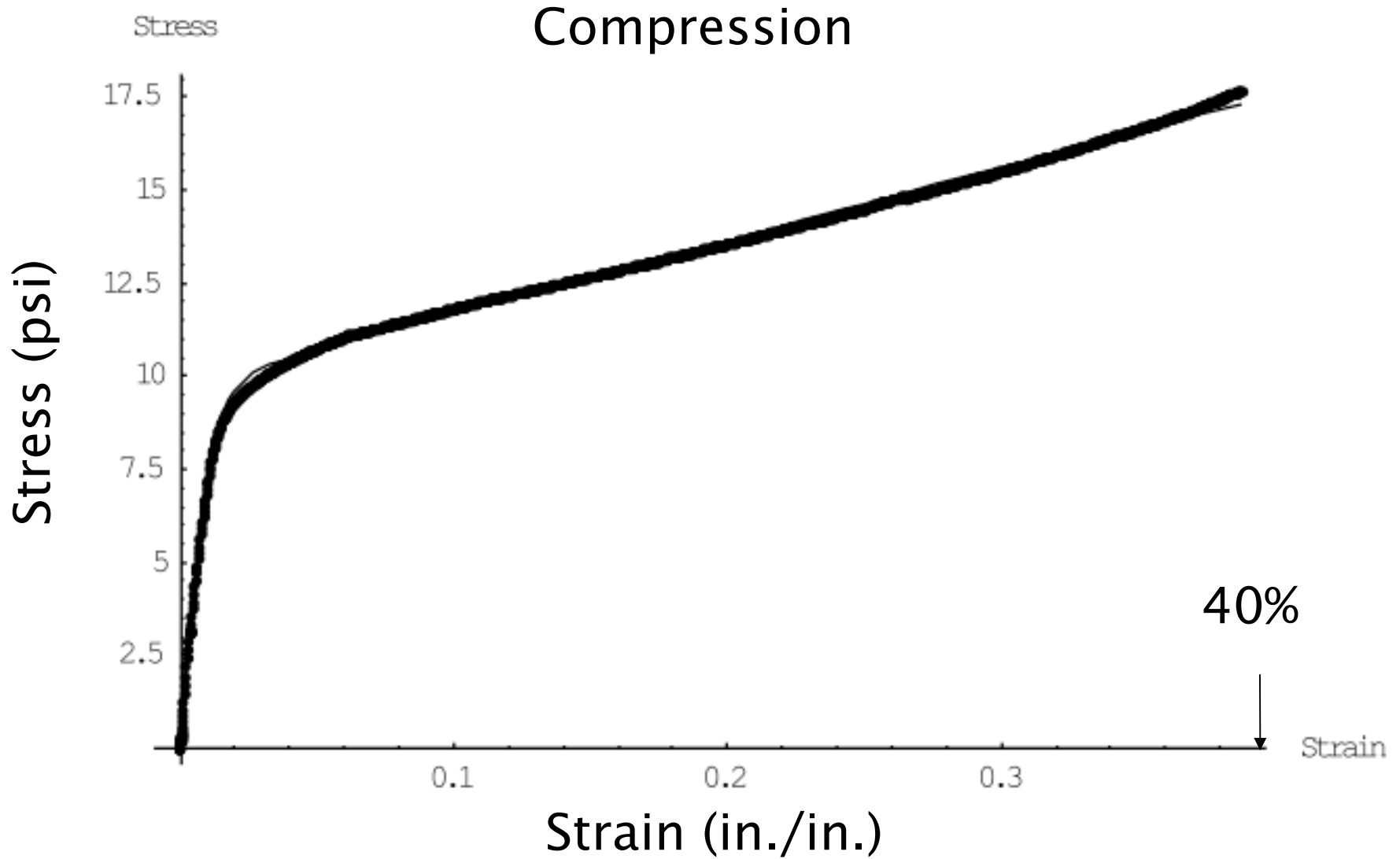
Actual Load =
20007 lbs
COV = 3.6%



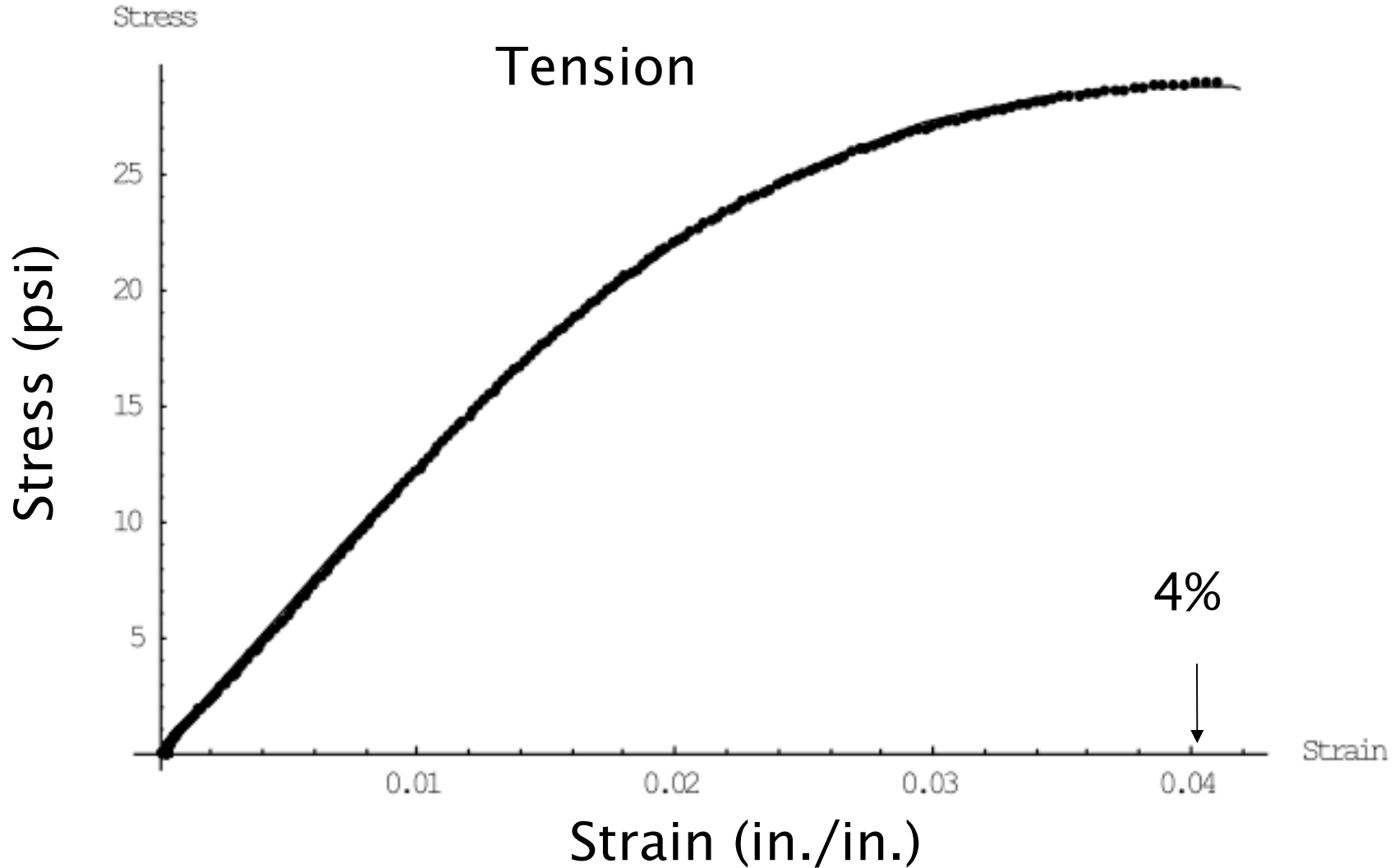
Modeling SIPs



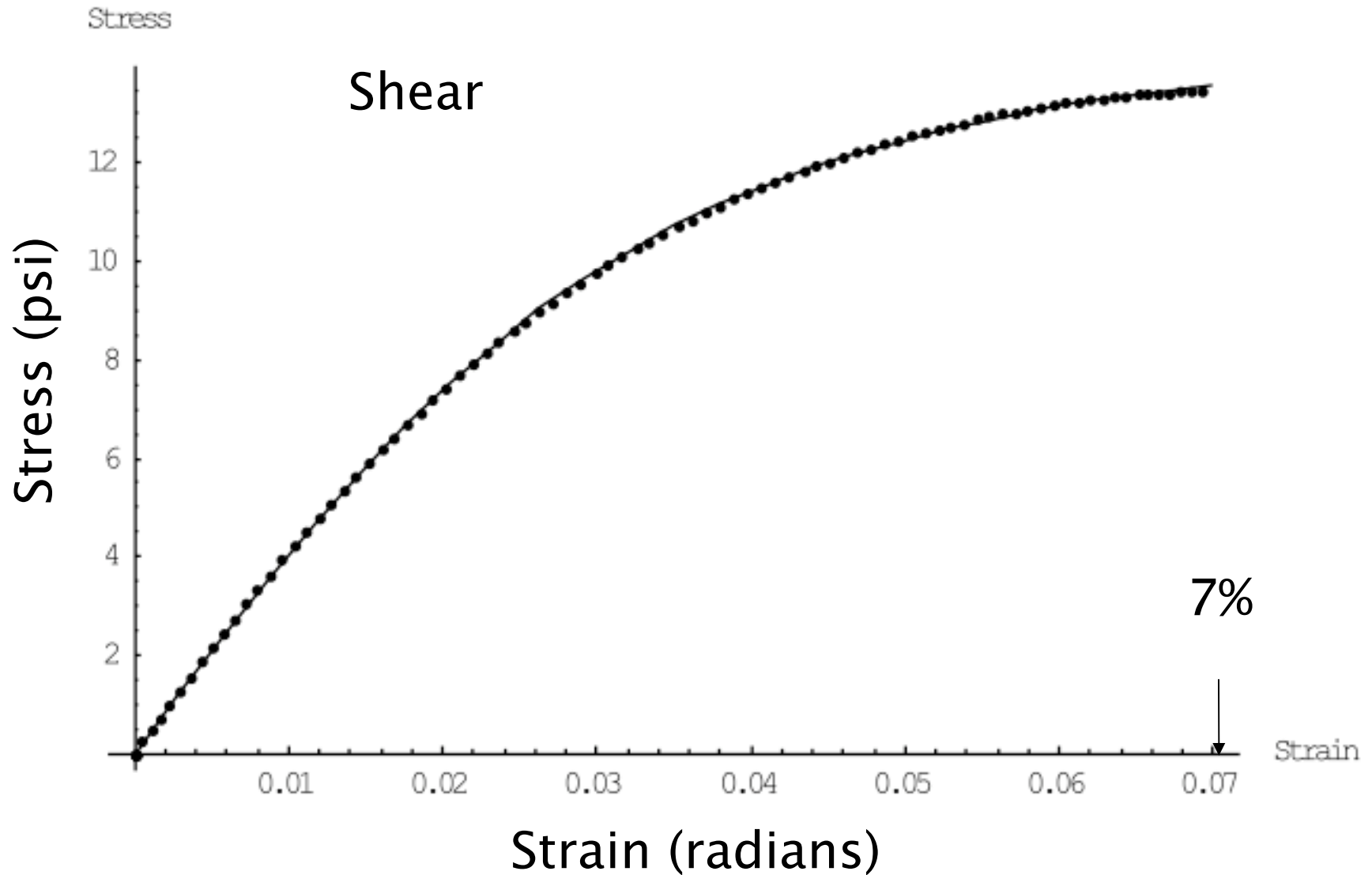
Modeling SIPs



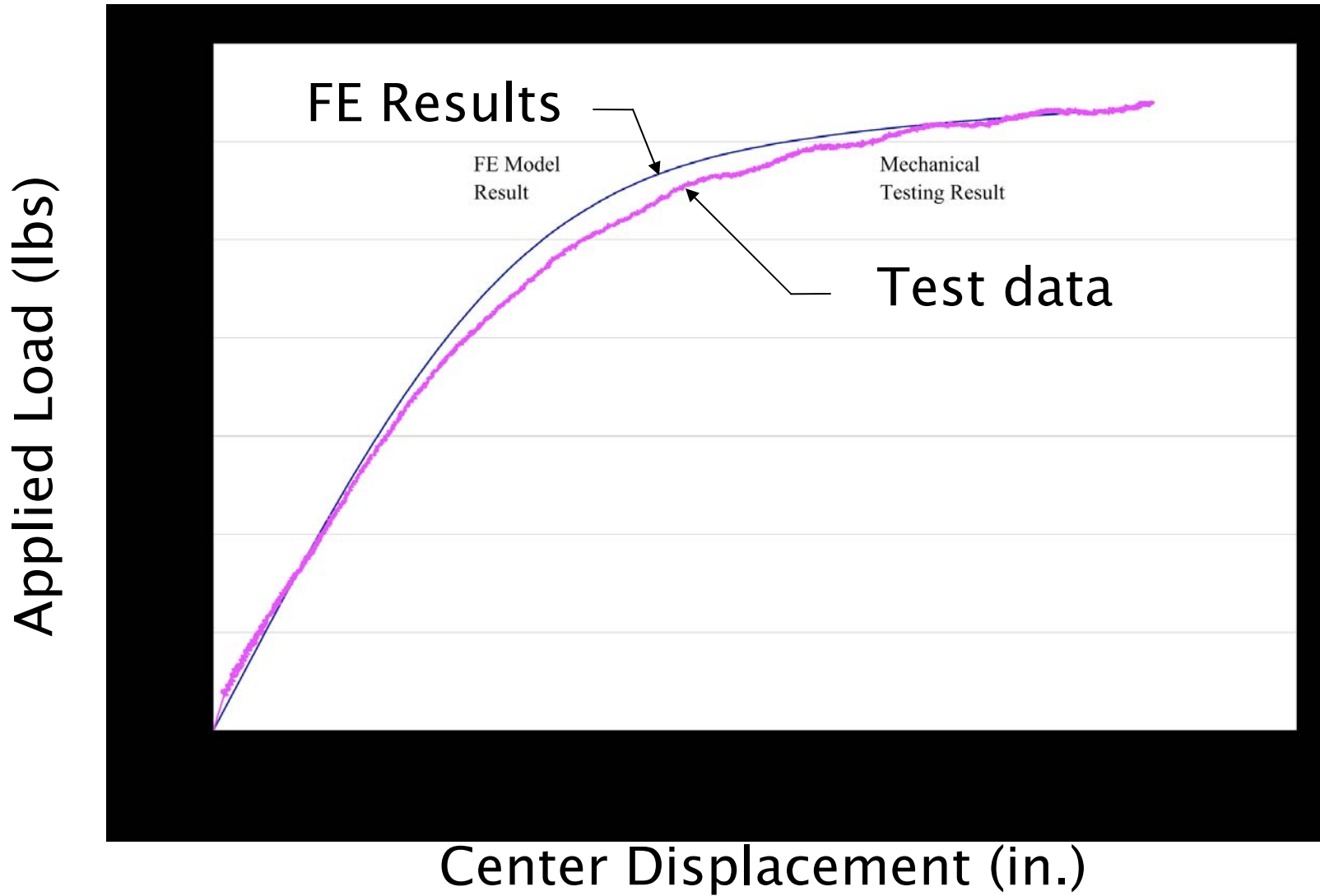
Modeling SIPs



Modeling SIPs



Modeling SIPs



Conclusions

- Hardware exists to evaluate materials in multi-physics environment.
- First generation software is available to analyze data.
- Second generation data is being developed.
 - Utilize objective functions to optimize loading path.
 - Non-proportional loading paths perform better.
- Data-Driven approach is appropriate to meet the demands of “Industry Pull.”
- Need to overcome resistance to implement changes.

Acknowledgements

- Office of Naval Research under grants N0001497C0395 N0001407WX20808, N0001407WX209318, and by NRL's 6.1 core-program.

Questions?

- Nothing in Nature is random. ... A thing appears random only through the incompleteness of our knowledge.



Spinoza